University tuition fees for international students - A.Y. 2019/2020

The Administrative Board of Tor Vergata University of Rome has set the new tuition fees for the A.Y. 2019/2020.

First year non-UE students whose families generate and declare their income outside the UE:

First year tuition fees for non-EU students enrolling at Tor Vergata University of Rome are based on the student’s country and divided into installments:

- €156,00 to be paid as a first installment and €500,00 to be paid as a second installment for extra-EU students from the developing countries*
- €156,00 to be paid as a first installment, plus €1,000,00 to be paid as a second installment for all the other non-EU students


For the following students, the annual tuition fee is based on family income, stated in Italy on the ISEE:

- Eu and non-Eu students whose families generate and declare an income in Italy;
- Eu students whose families generate and declare an income abroad, that either enrol or register on the degree course from the second year on
- Non-Eu students whose families generate and declare an income abroad enrolling from the second year onwards

The ISEE (Equivalent Economic Situation Indicator) certificate is the instrument used to evaluate the economic situation of students who are eligible for benefits. This can be obtained by combining and considering three elements: income, assets and family. In accordance with current Italian legislation, the only ISEE considered valid for the calculation of tax brackets and other benefits provided by the University is either:

- the ISEE-University for students with the family income in Italy
- “Scheda Raccolta Dati per indicatore parificato universitario” (equivalent document of the ISEE-University) for students with the family income abroad. To obtain an ISEE-University certificate, students must provide details regarding their incomes and assets in Italy and their incomes and
assets abroad of each member of their family. The certificates of incomes and assets need to be issued by the competent authorities in the country where the incomes are produced. They must also be officially translated by the Italian Diplomatic Authorities of that country together with the income expressed in Euro.